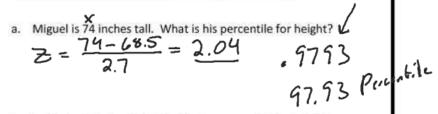
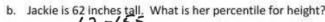


2. Use the information from the table below of heights of Americans aged 18 to 24.

Heights of American Young Adults (in inches)

	Men	Women	Ť
Standard Deviation σ	2.7	2.5	

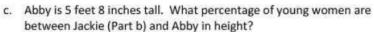




b. Jackie is 62 inches tall. What is her percentile for height?
$$Z = \frac{62 - 68.5}{2.5} = -1.40$$

$$8.08$$

$$P^{exc}$$



d. Gabriel is at the 90th percentile in height. What is his height?

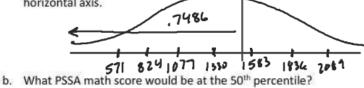
$$Z = \frac{x-4x}{0}$$
 2.7(1.28) $\frac{(x-68.5)^{27}}{2}$

e. Yvette is at the 31st percentile in height. What is her height?

$$(2.9)(-.5) = \frac{(x-45.5)}{(2.5)^{2.5}}$$

 $(2.9)(-.5) = \frac{(x-4.25)^{11}}{(2.5)^{2.5}}$
 $(2.9)(-.5) = \frac{(x-45.5)}{(2.5)^{2.5}}$

- 3. All 11th-grade students in Pennsylvania are tested in reading and math on the Pennsylvania System of School Assessment (PSSA). The mean score on the PSSA math test in 2006-2007 was 1,330 with standard deviation 253. You may assume the distribution of scores is approximately normal. (Source: www.pde.state.pa.us/a_and_t/cwp/ view.asp?A=3&Q=129181)
- a. Draw a sketch of the distribution of these scores with a scale on the horizontal axis.



c. What percentage of 11th graders scored above 1,500?

d. Javier's PSSA score was at the 76th percentile. What was his score on the test?

$$253 (.70 = \frac{(x - 1330)}{253})$$

$$\frac{179.63 = \times -1330}{1509.63}$$